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Countries, etc.	Area, sq. m.	Population.	Pop., sq. m.
St. Christopher	68	23,177	340.9
Nevis	21	9,601	457.2
Antigua	108	37,757	349.6
Montserrat	47	7,653	162.9
Dominica	274	22,061	80.5
St. Lucia	296	24,516	82.9
St. Vincent	132	30,128	228.2
Barbadoes	166	135,939	818.9
Grenada	155	32,671	210.8
Tobago	144	13,208	91.7
Trinidad	2,020	68,645	33.9
Guadeloupe	529	134,574	254.4
Marie Galante	59	12,749	216.0
Desiderade	17	2,568	151.1
Les Saintes	5	1,311	262.5
St. Martin (N. part)	24	3,773	157.1
Martinique	382	123,701	323.8
Curacao	138	16,831	121.9
Bonaire	83	2,339	28.2
Aruba	23	3,201	139.2
St. Eustatius	97	1,856	19.1
Saba	16	1,709	106.8
St. Martin (S. part)	12	2,918	243.2
St. Thomas	27	13,666	506.1
Santa Cruz	78	23,729	304.2
St. John	22	2,228	101.3
St. Bartholomew, (Swedish)	25	9,000	360.0
Total	96,293	3,946,616	40.9

3.—SOUTH AMERICA.

Countries, etc.	Area, sq. m.	Population.	Pop., sq. m.
Granadan Confederation	521,948	2,363,054	4.51
Venezuela	426,712	1,361,386	3.19
Ecuador	206,692	1,108,042	5.36
British Guayana	96,315	127,695	1.32
Dutch Guayana	59,764	60,080	1.01
French Guayana	27,509	22,010	0.80
Brazil	2,973,406	7,677,800	2.59
Bolivia	473,298	2,326,126	4.91
Peru	498,726	2,106,492	4.22
Chile	249,952	1,558,319	6.23
Argentine Republic	832,129	1,156,000	1.39
Buenos Ayres	294,136	303,355	1.03
Paraguay	86,102	600,000	6.99
Uruguay	73,538	177,300	2.41
Patagonia, etc.	210,000	210,000	1.00
Falkland Islands	6,297	2,600	0.41
Total	7,036,524	21,150,259	3.01

RECAPITULATION.

Countries, etc.	Area, sq. m.	Population.	Pop., sq. m.
North America	8,424,413	43,134,918	5.1
West Indies	96,303	3,946,616	40.9
South America	7,036,524	21,150,259	3.01
Grand total	15,557,230	68,231,793	4.4

and to this ought to be added, for uncivilized Indians not included in the above returns—for North America 1,000,000, and South America 1,500,000; which, together with the above enumerated population, will give the aggregate

of human beings now inhabiting the Western World at 70,731,793.

The division of this population according to race, is approximately thus:

	N. Am.	W. Ind.	S. Am.	Total.
Whites	76	24	16	38.7
Blacks	8	76	24	36.0
Indians	16	..	60	25.3

—according to civil condition, thus:

Free	90	85	80	85.0
Slave	10	15	20	15.0

—and according to creed, thus:

Protestant	70	20	1	30.3
Roman Catholic	25	80	66	57.0
Pagan	5	..	33	12.7

The number of Jews is too small to affect these results.

Massachusetts is the most densely populated portion of the United States, and in 1855 had 145.3 inhabitants to the square mile; and Rhode Island is the next most populous State. Beyond the limits of the Union, Salvador and Nova Scotia, and among the North American islands, the Bermudas and Prince Edward Island, are the most densely peopled.

But the island of Barbadoes, in the West Indian Archipelago, is the most populous spot in America, having no less than 818.9 inhabitants to the square mile. The same density would give Cuba 37,715,954 inhabitants.

In South America, the most dense population is found in the Andine region, and it is remarkable to see how materially the ratio falls off as the States severally include a greater portion of plain country. Chile, not occupying any of the eastern plain, stands highest in respect of density. Paraguay is an exception to this law, as it is also exceptional in its physical and historical relations.

R. S. F.

POPULATION OF SAN FRANCISCO.

The Directory of San Francisco for the year 1859 states the population in May of that year to have been as follows:

Whites	49,343	males, and 23,985 females.	= 73,328
Chinese ..	2,560	" and 590 "	= 3,150
Colored ..	915	" and 690 "	= 1,605

Total 52,818 " and 25,265 " = 78,083

Males over 21 years—White 38,890, Chinese 2,510, and colored 745; and females over 18 year—15,196, 540 and 531 respectively.